Fayette County Agriculture & Natural Resources Newsletter



Cooperative Extension Service

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PUBLICATION SPOTLIGHT

Choosing Hay for Horses (ID-146)

Many different types of hay are acceptable in horse feeding programs. Local availability often influences the popularity of a particular variety of hay in a geographical area. For example, coastal bermudagrass hay is popular in the southern United States where it is well adapted, but it is rarely fed in the northern U.S. where it is hard to grow. In Kentucky, the most popular hay choices for horses are alfalfa, timothy, orchardgrass and alfalfa-grass mixes. Somewhat less popular but still common are red clover, fescue, and bermudagrass. Several factors should be considered when deciding what type of hay to feed. Most important is cleanliness, but nutrient value and the type of horse being fed should also be considered.

The publication is available on-line at http://www2.ca.uky.edu/agcomm/pubs/id/ id146/id146.pdf or by contacting Beau Neal at beau.neal@uky.edu or (859) 257-5582.

Upcoming Events

October 27, 2022 ~ 2022 Kentucky Grazing Conference: Clark County Extension Office, Winchester, KY; 7:30am-3:30pm, EDT; For more information and to register, go on-line to https://www.eventbrite.com/e/ky-grazingprofitable-grazing-systems-from-the-soil-upwinchester-ky-tickets-395658895407

2022 Kentucky Fencing School

November 1, 2022 ~ Marion County Extension Office, Lebanon, KY; 7:30am EDT November 3, 2022 ~ Clay County Extension Office, Manchester, KY; 7:30am EDT Go to http://www.forages.ca.uky.edu/events to ^{II} register. The registration deadline is two weeks || before each workshop.

November 5, 2022 ~ 2022 Kentucky Maple School; ZOOM, 9:00am-12:00pm; Registration || is required; For more information and to register, please go on-line to https://kymaplesyrup.ca.uky.edu/ky-maple-school

November 16, 2022 ~ Backgrounding/ Stocker Profitability Conference; Warren County Extension Office, Bowling Green, KY; ∥9:30am-2:00pm; Registration is §15.00 per person, RSVP deadline is November 9th; Please RSVP to the Warren County Extension Office at (270) 842-1681.

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FALL BACK Daylight Saving Time Ends November 6, 2022

Cooperative Extension Service Agriculture and Natural Resources Family and Consumer Sciences 4-H Youth Development Community and Economic Development Educational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extension serve all people regardless of economic or social status and will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, ethnic origin, national origin, creed, religion, political belief, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy, marital status, genetic information, age, veteran status, or physical or mental disability. University of Kentucky, Kentucky State University, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Kentucky Counties, Cooperating.



Disabilities accommodated with prior notification.

LEXINGTON, KY 40546

Farm Employee Retention

Source: Suzy Martin, KFBM Area Extension Specialist Economic and Policy Update (22):9, Department of Agricultural Economics, University of Kentucky

Hiring and managing employees is one of the least liked tasks a farm operator faces. Questions about the cost of hiring employees are an often-asked question of Kentucky Farm Business Management Program (KFBM) specialists. Based on KFBM data, employers can expect the annual per-employee cost to range from \$42,920.66 to \$31,286.63 depending on the area. The data includes not only the salary or hourly rate but also taxes and benefits the employer pays. Table 1 below shows the breakdown for each of the KFBM regions and for Kentucky as a whole

Table 1: Farm Employee Cost Breakdown by KFBM Region

	All Kentucky	Purchase Region	Pennyroyal Region	Ohio Valley Region	Central KY Region
Annual Cost	\$38,645.90	\$42,920.66	\$39,682.71	\$34,725.60	\$31,286.63
Per Hour (40-hour work week)	\$18.58	\$20.63	\$19.08	\$16.70	\$15.04
Per Hour (45-hour work week)	\$16.52	\$18.34	\$16.96	\$14.84	\$13.37

High-quality employees that require minimum supervision are obviously going to cost more than the average of the group. Farm employers need forward-thinking ideas aimed at keeping good employees. This could be something like retirement benefits, bonus pay, commodity wages, life insurance, or paid vacation.

There are multiple types of employer-sponsored retirement plans such as 401(k), Roth 401(k), SIMPLE IRA, and SEP IRA. Employer-sponsored retirement plans come with a set of rules as defined by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS.) Make sure to consult with a financial planner before forming a plan. A common rule of retirement plans is that employers must offer all full-time employees the retirement plan and the employer contribution must be provided to them regardless of their voluntary participation in the plan.

Bonus pay is an uncomplicated way to provide an incentive to employees. Keep in mind that bonus pay is considered supplemental wages and subject to withholding taxes. The flat federal income tax withholding rate is 22%. Bonus pay could be a set amount or it could be tied to production performance.

Commodity wages are another option. Like bonuses, it could be a set number of bushels, pounds, or number of head agreed upon ahead of time. Or it could be additional bushels, pounds, or number of head based on performance levels. The IRS has many rules in place for commodity wages. Make sure you consult your tax preparer or another advisor before implementing them. The commodity wage must not appear as a cash equivalent. Ownership of the commodity must be transferred to the employee who oversees marketing it. Commodity wages do not require any kind of income tax withholding, but the employee is required to pay income taxes on the income. In addition, the commodity wage should be reported on the employee wage statement at the end of the year.

Life insurance policies not exceeding \$50,000 that are directly or indirectly carried by an employer do not have any tax consequences. Policies more than \$50,000 will have some tax consequences based on IRS tables.

Finally, it is a good idea to have clear expectations for both the employee and the employer to insure good working relations. Using an employment contract would be an excellent way to communicate to employees what they can expect. Items addressed could be starting wage/salary, seasonal hours expected to work, how to request time off, whom to report issues to, benefits offered, and even how raises and promotions might work.

Farmers are no different from other industries that are currently addressing the lack of employees in the workforce. Hiring and maintaining good employees requires clear communication and creative compensation packages.



Twice-Baked Acorn Squash

- 2 medium acorn squash (1 - 1 1/2 pounds)
- Nonstick cooking spray
- 2 cups fresh spinach, chopped
- 4 strips turkey bacon, cooked and crumbled
- 1/2 cup grated parmesan cheese
- 1 thinly sliced green onion
- 1 tablespoon olive oil
- 2 teaspoons garlic powder
- 1/2 teaspoon salt
- 1/4 teaspoon black pepper
- 1/4 teaspoon nutmeg

Wash hands with warm water and soap, scrubbing for at least 20 seconds. Preheat oven to 350 degrees F. Cut squash in half; discard seeds. Place squash flesh side down on a baking sheet coated with nonstick cooking spray. Bake for 50 to 55 minutes or until tender. Carefully scoop out squash, leaving a 1/4-inch-thick shell. In a large bowl, combine the squash pulp with the remaining ingredients. Spoon into shells. Bake at 350 degrees F for 25 to 30 minutes or until heated through and top is golden brown. Store leftovers in the refrigerator within two hours.

Yield: 4 servings. Serving size: 1/2 of an acorn squash.

Nutrition Analysis: 210 calories, 9g total fat, 3g saturated fat, 25mg cholesterol, 710mg sodium, 27g total carbohydrate, 4g fiber, 1g total sugars, 0g added sugars, 9g protein, 0% DV vitamin D, 15% DV calcium, 15% DV iron, 20% DV potassium.



2022 Kentucky Maple School November 5 | 9am - 12pm | Zoom

The Kentucky Maple Syrup Project is pleased to announce that the 2022 Kentucky Maple School will take place on November 5 via Zoom. The program will run from 9 AM until Noon with a couple of breaks to stretch your legs and refill your coffee mug. Dr. Abby van den Berg from the University of Vermont will be discussing new red maple syrup research that explores Total Yields and Syrup Flavor from Red Maple Trees as well as provided us a Research Update from the UVM Proctor Maple Research Center including the newly published 3rd Edition of the North American Maple Syrup Producers Manual. We will also have updated information about financial and technical assistance available to potential and current maple syrup producers in Kentucky.

You must register to participate in this event: https://ky-maplesyrup.ca.uky.edu/ky-maple-school

Forage Timely Tips: October

Source: UK Forage News https://kyforagenews.com/

- Feed hay to allow cool-season pastures to accumulate forage growth for winter grazing.
 *Do NOT harvest or graze alfalfa fields until after killing frost (<26 degrees).
- Inventory and test each hay lot for nutritive value and consult a nutritionist to design a supplementation program as needed.
- Remove ruminants from pastures that contain sorghum species when frost is expect to avoid

prussic acid poisoning (forage sorghums, sorghum-sudangrass hybrids, sudangrass, and johnsongrass). Even small patches of johnsongrass that have been frosted an be toxic. Leave off until plants have dried down.

• Begin strip grazing early planted small grain and brassica (turnips and rape) mixes late this month.

Expected Changes to the Commercial Pesticide Applicator Program in 2023

Source: Ric Bessin, Entomology Extension Specialist, Kentucky Pest News

In December 2016, the EPA published the final rule to improve all applicator certification and training standards. While implementation of this plan has been plagued by delays at the Federal level, our new plan for Kentucky has been reviewed and is being approved. We are set to begin using it at the start of 2023. This is the most significant change to the program since 1978.

Previously (<u>KPN 9-20-22</u>), I outlined some of the more important changes for the Private Applicator Program; in this article I am outlining significant changes to the Commercial Applicator Program administered through the Kentucky Department of Agriculture.

Age & Identity

Only persons 18 and older are qualified to become commercial applicators. The EPA requires that applicators present a government issued photo ID in order for count agents to verify their age and identify. County agents must use this to verify age and identity, but do not need to record this information. For those that do not have a government issued photo ID due to some specific reasons, there is an alternative method of verification that can be used.

New Category Structure

Beginning in 2023, there will be fewer commercial categories; several have been consolidated or split, and a few have been eliminated.

- **Consolidated categories:** In terms of those that have been consolidated, the old categories 3 (Lawn and Ornamental), 18 (Golf Course), 19 (Interiorscape Pest Control), and 20 (Athletic Turf) are now all in the new Category 3: Ornamental, Turf and Lawn Care.
- Split into new categories: The previous fumigation categories of 1b (Ag Fumigation) and 7b (Structural Fumigation) have been separated into the new categories of Category 7b (Structural Fumigation), Category 12 (Soil Fumigation), and Category 13 (Non-Soil Fumigation).
- Eliminated categories: The categories being eliminated are 12 (Pesticide Retail Sales

Agent), 13 (Anti-Fouling Marine Paint), 14 (Consultant), 15 (Anti Microbial), and 16 (Sewer Root Control). While retail pesticide sales agents will not be certified, their business must be registered, and they must maintain and submit necessary records to the KDA.

General CEUs Eliminated

In the past, commercial applicators had to accrue 9 general and 3 category-specific CEU credits every three years in order to be eligible to recertify. With the new system, they need to earn 12 CEU credits with at least one being in each of the categories they are maintaining. So, applicators do not need to keep track of general and category-specific CEU hours. In order to deliver the general information to commercial applicators, presenters applying for CEU credit will need to identify what general pesticide safety and use educational material they will cover in their presentation in order to receive approval.

On-line Testing

The Kentucky Department of Agriculture is working toward launching on-demand, on-line testing to reduce time and expense of applicators traveling to testing sites. This will not be available immediately with the new regulations as the platform still needs to be developed.

License Renewal Grace Period Shortened

In the past, commercial applicators had 90 days to pay the annual fee and renew their licenses online. That grace period has been shorted to 30 days past the expiration of the license. Persons not renewing their license before the end of the 30-day period will be required to retest for each of their certification categories and may be subject to a 25% penalty.

Penalty for not Earning CEUs

Commercial applicators who want to recertify but have not earned the necessary 12 CEUs in the previous 3 years will need to retest and will be subject to a \$200 recertification fee. This is to encourage commercial applicators to stay up to date in their areas by earning CEU credits.

Weekly Kentucky Cattle and Grain Summary USDA Livestock, Poultry and Grain Market News Monday, October 17, 2022 Saturday, October 15, 2022

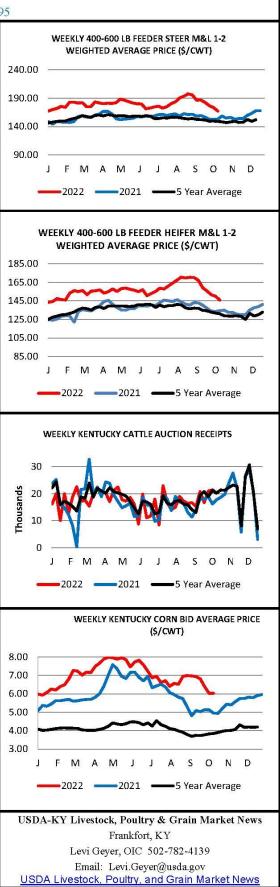
Frankfort, KY For Week Ending: Receipts: 20,295

Last Week: 21,404 Last Year: 17,795

Feeder cattle sold mixed this week selling mostly steady to 4.00 lower with instances scattered throughout the week to 4.00 higher. Yearlings sold steady to 2.00 lower. Demand was mostly light to moderate with buyers showing the most interest in weaned cattle as the fall temperature swings are now prevalent across the state and health concerns become more of a focus. Dry conditions also continue to affect demand. Slaughter cows sold mostly 4.00 to 6.00 lower and bulls steady to 4.00 lower with light to moderate damand for all slaughter classes.

iew Full Summa
Last Year
165.89
158.04
153.78
147.80
143.90
140.33
134.76
137.87
135.69
138.13
132.45
133.50
139.21
136.98
133.82
129.94
127.36
122.79
124.48
121.93
116.26

WE	ELKY COW SUM	MARY			
Slaughter Cows	Average	High	Low		
Breakers	54.50-86.50	68.00-92.50	50.00-78.50		
Boners	59.00-84.50	70.00-107.00	45.00-77.50		
Lean	45.00-75.00	60.00 -7 9.00	30.00-69.00		
Slaughter Bulls	Average	High	Low		
Yield Grade 1&2	81.00-116.50	Manuscrate Same control and manual	NAMES AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDRESS	7240004	
				8.	
	October 13, 2022	2 Bow	ling Green, KY	7.0	
SL	AUGHTER GOAT	S: 153	9 000 10	6.0	
Kids-Selection 1-2 59 lbs 300.00; 70 lbs 290.00; 83 lbs 285.00; 120 lbs 225.00.					
Selection 2 49 lbs 300.00; 58 l	en alla a com co com l'a	a an entering an an an		4.0	
SL	AUGHTER SHEE	P: 342		1323	
Wooled-Choice & Prime 1-2:	: 78 lbs 170.00; 89	lbs 160.00; 115-14	3 lbs 122.50-	3.0	
127.50. Choice 2 110-135 lbs	52 52	97.5			
50-53 lbs 250.00-260.00; 65-6					
170.00; 113-133 lbs 105.00-15			View Full Report		
View Latest Grain Report					
GRAINS	This Week	Prior Week	Last Year		
Corn	5.22-7.08	4.96-6.99	4.72-5.17		
Soybeans	11.93-13.12	12.16-13.50	11.22-12.08		
Red Winter Wheat	7.84-8.81	7.94-8.86	6.69-6.84		





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Fayette County Cooperative Extension Agriculture & Natural Resources Newsletter

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Office Hours: 8:00am - 4:30pm - Monday-Friday

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